

December 9, 2004

TO:

President George W. Bush

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Trip to Afghanistan Inauguration, Kuwait and India

December 5-9, 2004

AFGHANISTAN. Attending the inauguration of Hamid Karzai, the first freely elected leader in the 5.000-venr history of Afghanistan, was an extraordinary experience.

President, Zal Khalilzad and I had an upbeat bilateral with President-elect Karzai before his inauguration. He said, "Now life is working. Before the US came to Afghanistan, we were like a still-life picture; when you arrived, everything came to life. With your help, we have come so far." I've attached a slide that captures the progress in Afghanistan.

Much of our discussion focused on dealing with counter-narcotics, the need for an ongoing strategic partnership between our two nations, and the Afghan economy. Karzai is focused on stopping the narcotics trade in his country.

The inauguration was moving. President Karzai's speech pledged his life and honor to serving his native land, and he graciously thanked the US. He hosted a private lunch for the US delegation. It was a day I will never forget. You can be extraordinarily proud of what you have accomplished in Afghanistan.

KUWAIT. The Kuwaiti Prime Minister and Minister of Defense expressed happiness at your re-election and sent along their best wishes to you and your family. On Iraq, the Prime Minister cautioned against reposing too much hope in the long-term chances for peace and stability, given the disparate religious and ethnic factions. He said, "Beheadings are nothing new in Iraq," and that he felt the security situation would deteriorate further after elections. He advised us to get our troops out of the Iraqi cities and get the Iraqi Security Forces fully into the fight. I told him you are strongly against a delay in the elections.

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On the Palestinian issue, he spoke hopefully of the chances for a new peace process. He closed by railing against Al-Jazeera, encouraging us to press the Qataris to "slam them hard." His parting comments centered on his desire to

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obtain the release of 14 Kuwaiti detainees; the interagency has reviewed their cases and believes they should not be released in the near future.

INDIA. In India, the genuine warmth of the meetings with all the new top leadership was extraordinary. They were grateful to have the first Cabinet-level visit so quickly after our election. We are clearly at an opportune moment in US-Indian relations to take our relationship — a critical one for the world — to a new level. The Minister of Defense, the Minister of External Affairs, the National Security Advisor, and the Prime Minister — all were on a single sheet of music. Each warmly congratulated you on your re-election and spoke hopefully about your visiting India in the near future. Their key points were a strong desire to deepen and expand defense cooperation; satisfaction with the course of events in Afghanistan; a sincerely expressed hope that Iraq will stabilize soon; and a desire that we not allow our obviously close relationship with Pakistan to create issues with India — particularly with regard to arms sales.

All four, and especially the Prime Minister, spoke hopefully about the Indian-Pakistan relationship and their respect for President Musharraf. Each also emphasized that India's 145 million Muslims are an important force within their country, and that India is the second largest Muslim country in the world. The Prime Minister seems committed to pursuing better relations with Pakistan, saying he could "take Indian popular opinion with me when the time is right."

I left India with a strong sense that relations between our nations have never been better. I hope you will be able to visit India soon. Your presence could further facilitate a rapprochement between India and Pakistan, as well as encourage India to continue on a pro-Western path.

Respectfully,

Enclosure a/s

CC: Vice President Richard B. Cheney
Honorable Colin Powell (by hand)
Honorable Porter Goss
Dr. Condoleezza Rice





# Combined Forces Command - Afghanistan

# What Has Changed?



### July 2003

## Counter-terrorist focus

Neutral population

4 x Provincial Reconstruction Teams

Sanctuary (

Attacks on the Coalition

Minimal cooperation with

Afghan National Army training

Warlords empowered

Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR) Concept

No Constitution

No political process

Minimal Afghan Sovereignty

# Counter-Insurgency focus

Supportive population

19 x Provincial Reconstruction Teams

December 2004

Sanctuary

Attacks on soft targets

Cooperation & engagement with Pakistan

Afghan National Army fighting now

Warlords diminished

Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR) underway

Moderate Islamic Constitution

Presidential Election complete

**Growing Afghan Sovereignty** 

6-Dec-04

